

AI4Agri Policy Recommendations Paper

Context

European agriculture faces increasing pressure to balance productivity with sustainability and climate goals. Artificial Intelligence (AI) offers significant potential for efficiency, resilience, and environmental stewardship, yet adoption remains uneven. Persistent barriers include weak rural infrastructure, high investment costs, limited digital literacy, fragmented data governance, and ethical concerns.

The Erasmus+ project **Al4Agri** (2023–2025) addressed these challenges by combining research, training, and policy dialogue in four partner countries (Poland, Sweden, Cyprus, Greece). Its outcomes include:

- a comprehensive needs analysis on AI adoption,
- a curriculum and seven e-learning modules for VET learners,
- pilot training with 83 participants,
- **national and transnational policy roundtables**, identifying common challenges and solutions.

Key Policy Challenges

- Infrastructure Deficit: Rural areas often lack broadband and 5G, preventing farmers from accessing AI platforms.
- **High Costs:** Upfront investment in AI tools is prohibitive for small and medium-sized farms.
- **Skills Gap:** Many farmers and advisors lack digital competences; older generations remain sceptical.

- Data Fragmentation: Lack of interoperable governance frameworks limits effective use of agricultural data.
- Ethical and Legal Uncertainty: Farmers lack clarity on data rights, liability, and transparency of AI tools.

Policy Recommendations

To unlock the potential of AI in agriculture and ensure inclusiveness, sustainability, and competitiveness, the following actions are recommended:

1. Invest in Rural Digital Infrastructure

- Expand EU Digital Innovation Hubs into rural areas.
- Provide demonstration farms, shared infrastructure, and advisory services.

2. Create Al-Specific Financial Support

- Introduce microgrants and subsidies for smallholders and cooperatives.
- Support cooperative ownership or leasing schemes to reduce entry costs.

3. Mainstream AI in Skills and Training

 Embed AI4Agri curriculum and modules into CAP knowledge-transfer measures and Erasmus+ VET programs.

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 Promote blended and peer-to-peer learning to bridge generational divides.

4. Establish an EU Agricultural Data Governance Framework

- Develop a "Green Deal Data Space for Agriculture" to ensure open, interoperable, and ethical use of agricultural data.
- Safeguard farmers' rights over their data and promote transparency of AI algorithms.

5. Introduce "Green AI by Design" Standards

- Require Al tools to be energy-efficient, transparent, and environmentally responsible.
- Align agricultural Al adoption with the EU Al Act and sustainability policies.

6. Ensure Policy Coherence Across Levels

- Align CAP Strategic Plans with EU digital and green priorities.
- Encourage cross-ministerial coordination at national level (agriculture, digitalisation, education).

Next Steps

 Policymakers should integrate AI into CAP eco-schemes and rural development programs, while clarifying ethical standards.

- **VET providers** should adopt and expand Al4Agri training resources, tailoring them to diverse learner needs.
- **Farmers and advisors** should engage in training and explore cooperative models for shared AI services.
- **Technology providers** should co-design affordable, user-friendly solutions aligned with sustainability goals.

Conclusion

Al in agriculture is not a luxury, but a necessity for Europe's sustainable future. By investing in infrastructure, skills, finance, data governance, and ethical standards, Europe can ensure that Al becomes a tool for sustainability, competitiveness, and resilience – accessible to all farmers, not just a few.



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